Throughout many cultures in many eras

- The sun was always thought of as a God-like object with powers to change the world
- Our ancestors were not entirely displaced in their understanding since the sun provides:
- Light energy
- Heat and
- A gravitational force of attraction to maintain planets' orbits

How was the sun made?

- The sun is a star
- It was born in a collapsing clouds of interstellar gas
- It was born in a cluster of stars and escaped

Inside of the sun?

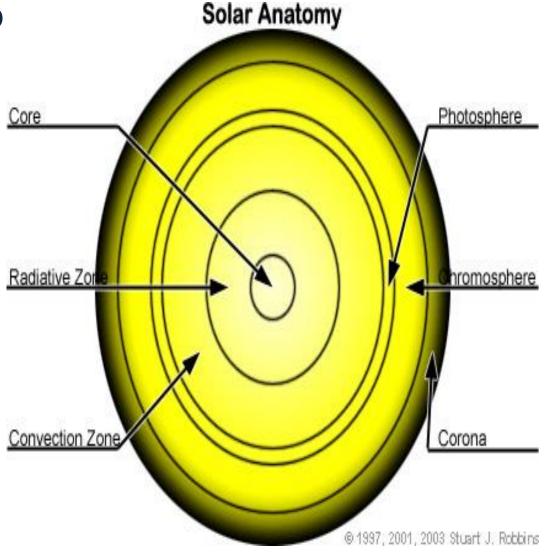
- Reactions occur
- These reactions are called nuclear fusions since Hydrogen atoms fuse together to form Helium.
- Energy is released during this process
- The energy is in the form of heat and light

What is it?

- It is not just a ball of fire
- It has layers:
- the surface of the sun is called the **photosphere**, and is dense with gases.
- Under the photosphere lies the convective zone, where heat moves to the surface (thus the name: convective), and cooler material falls back down. This layer makes up roughly 70% of the Sun's radius.
- Then comes the **radiative zone**, where heat is *radiated* up towards the surface.
- Then comes the **core**, where temperatures can easily be around 15,000,000 °C. This is where hydrogen and helium molecules are fused together, to create the light we see.

Where is it?

- It is in the Milky way galaxy
- It is about 93
 million miles
 away from the
 Earth



The sun provides:

1. Gravitational force: keeps the celestial bodies in orbit around it

2. Light

- Plants use the light energy from the sun to make its own food in the process of photosynthesis
- Organisms use light to see...and see in different colours
- the light from the sun is called white light but white light is actually made of a number of colours: Red, Orange, Yellow, Green, Blue, Indigo and Violet (use ROY G BIV to remember)

3. Heat

- The energy the Earth receives from the sun in the form of heat
- Adds to the warmth of the earth's surface and organisms

ASSESSMENT

- What is the main source of energy on Earth?
- Name three uses for this main source of energy.
- What is the name of the force that keeps the planets in orbit?
- Name the colours white light is made of.
- Name another use of energy from the sun other than gravitational force.
- Can we use energy from the sun instead of fuel like gasoline and coal? Explain how we can do this.