Rate Equation

Introduction: The rate equation shows the relationship between the rate of a reaction and the concentration of the reactants.

The <u>rate law</u> expresses the <u>relationship</u> of the <u>rate of</u> a <u>reaction</u> to the <u>rate constant</u> and the <u>concentrations</u> of the <u>reactants</u> raised to some powers.

$$aA + bB \longrightarrow cC + dD$$

$$Rate = k [A]^{x} [B]^{y}$$

$$reaction is x order with respect to A$$

$$reaction is y order with respect to B$$

- x and y are called the orders for each reactant
- The rate constant, k, is a proportionality constant in the relationship between rate and concentrations.

Videos:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WDXzVI8SmfE&feature=emb_logo

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XgcbNLb2OMI&feature=emb_logo

Slides:

https://www.slideshare.net/sathiakumaran/81-rate-

<u>law?ref=https://notesmaster.com/en/group/caribbean/1556-cape-covid19-support/28359-rate-equation</u>

Quiz review:

https://quizlet.com/19897596/rates-and-rate-laws-flash-cards/