## SECTION I - GRAMMAR SKILLS

			SECTION I - GRAM	IIIIII DAILDED		
A.	(i)	Complete EA brackets to t	ACH of the following the SINGULAR form	ng sentences by 1.	y changing tl	ne noun in
		EXAMPLE:	The items were Dominica.	put in the <u>box</u>	(boxes) to	be sent to
Man	do the	201				
NOW	uo un	eac.				
1.	Pleas	se put the dishes	on the top		(shelves).	(1 mark)
2.	The	sudden moveme	nt of the		(mice) scared	me. (1 mark)
	-		50			
	(ii)	Select a not written in (	in from EACH sent CAPITALS. Use a w	tence below to ord ONCE only	match the ty /.	pe of noun
	195	EXAMPLE:	Aunt Jean goes to	the supermark	cet on Friday	s.
		COMMON N	NOUN: supermarke	et .		29
		PROPER N	OUN: Aunt Jean		6 £3	2 <b>5</b> 00
Nov	v do tl	iese:			3	
3.	Petr	a came first in t	he Spelling Bec; she l	peamed with prid	e as she receiv	ed her prize.
	CO	MMON NOUN			********	
		74	£		3	(1 mark)
	PRO	PER NOUN:			£ 0	(1 mark)
4.		audience lister ue team.	ned attentively as the	e president spok	e about the br	cavery of the
	COL	LECTIVE NO	UN;			
	601	IDEO11111 IV	O.M. 11111111111111111111111111111111111	F	*3	(1 mark)
	07633		3			
	ABS	STRACT NOUN	I:		****************	(1 mark)
			8.		9	(= 33111 28)

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE



	- 6 -		Γ
Write : underli	a word from the box below to name the part incd in EACH sentence.	of speech of the word	(
3.	adjective adverb preposition pro	noun S S	
EXAMP	LE: The strong winds destroyed most of the	farmer's crops.	N
		(adjective)	8
do these:			
Daddy se	et all the traps <u>along</u> the fence to catch the squirrels.		
***************************************	**************************************	(1 mark)	9
<u>These</u> ar	e the flavours available right now, vanilla and chocol	ate.	
•••••••	······································	(1 mark)	1
The play	had already begun when we arrived at the Performing	ig Arts Centre.	
33	ie .		
	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	(1 mark)	
	6.0	(1 mark)	9
	22	\$ \$	
	<b>3</b>		

218021/T&T SEA 2016



C.	Write the correct	t form of	the verb in	brackets (	to compl	ete EACH	sentence
	EXAMPLE: M	y family _	came	to see	my perfe	rmance y	esterday.
	131221(13.2)-21-2	- V	(come)				
	0±4 (\$4)			-			
Now	do these:						
8.	When I		m	y bag, I fou	nd out th	at someone	had
	(ope	n)				120	
			my pencil	case,			/0
	(take)		8				(2 ma
9.	She		us th	at she had r	never	(visit	 V
	(tell)					(41910	<i>y</i> :
	another country.					7/1	(2 ma
10.	The motorist was			qui	ckly wher	the accide	ent
200.00			(drive)				-
			Mark St				70
	(occur	.)			4		(2 ma
					ST.		
							1
						20	90
				. *			
					5	55	
						50	



ł	- 8 -	itimi:
D.	Rewrite the following sentences using DIRECT speech.	
	EXAMPLE: Jessie's mother told him that it was time for bed	las
	"It's time for bed, Jessie," said his mother.	
Nov	v do these:	
11.	Mrs Thomas asked the students if they could pass the books to her.	
188		
	•	(2 marks)
12.	The principal told us that our school had done well in the finals.	#3
	*	
		(2 marks)
E.	Rewrite the following sentences using the ACTIVE voice.	\$20 \$20
	EXAMPLE: The event next week will be attended by everyon	e.
	Everyone will attend the event next week.	
Now	do these:	
18.	Much of the damage to coral reefs is caused by humans.	
cose.	924-6-2-012/900 NWC 24 01 KeV 01 NASO 05 (* 20 5)	(2 marks)
L <b>4.</b>	Rainforests are being threatened by climate change.	
	*	
		(2 marks)
	R.	
		1



(1 mark)

(1 mark)

(1 mark)

(1 mark)

(1 mark)

(expensive)

04218021/T&T SEA 2016



H. Underline the grammatical error in EACH sentence and write the correct word on the space provided.

EXAMPLE: I was afraid I had <u>broke</u> my arm. <u>broken</u>

Now do these:

20. The stray dog wagged its tail excitedly as it gobble down the food.

(2 marks)

21. Neither the textbook nor the notebooks was available at the book store.

(2 marks)

22. Jaden was opposed at the idea of having the music festival after school.

(2 marks)

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE



## SECTION II - VOCABULARY/SPELLING/PUNCTUATION

A,	For EAC meaning	H of the words t . Be sure to spell	underlined, write I correctly,	a word which	is OPPOSITE in
	, EXAMPL		ed us that she wo	uld be arriving	soon. departing
No	ow do these:	tt.		1700	
28,	The footba	illor finally accepte	ed the offer to play f	or o Brazilion al.	3 (C)
		***************************************		or a brazman em	Б,
				***************************************	(2 marks)
24,	The tearfu	l accused was <u>conv</u>	icted by the magist	rate after the tria	l.
				**************************************	(2 marks)
25.	Mummy go	ot a bargain on tha	t <u>costly</u> computer sl	ne bought at the s	
		**			9
		*			(2 marks)
			01	*	
В.	In the spac LETTERS correctly.	ces below, write to to correctly co	he APPROPRIAT omplete EACH so	E form of the wo entence. Remo	ord in CAPITAL, ember to spell
	EXAMPLE	: HELP We	all looked on <u>hel</u>	plessly as the fi	re spread.
Nov	v do these:		28		
26.	PERMIT:	The principal w	as -granted 1e achool.		to hold a (2 marks)
					CARACTE STOCKED STORE
27.	QUALIFY:	This coach was n team.	not	to tr	ain the national
	8			<b>1</b> 5	(2 marks)
28.	MERRY:	The children were tent in the yard.	e dancing	*	under the big (2 marks)
				**	
			=		
042	18021/F&T SE	A 2016		GO ON TO THE	NEXT PAGE
	¥3	+ 16	PER BOTE STORE STO		Ĭ
_			0421802111		

C. Underline the word that is incorrectly spelt in EACH sentence and write the correct spelling on the line provided.

EXAMPLE: We purchased all of our stationary at the office supplies store.

stationery

Now do these:

29. The graduation committee is responsable for removing the tents at the conclusion of the event.

(2 marks)

30. The architects voluntered to complete the design of the new sports pavilion.

(2 marks)

81. Daniel retrieved the crumpled receipt from his pocket and passed it to the casheir.

(2 marks)

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE



Insert TWO punctuation marks in EACH sentence to correctly complete the D. following. YOU DO NOT NEED TO REWRITE THE SENTENCES.

"Who will take Ahmeds lunch" she asked.

"Who will take Ahmed's lunch?" she asked.

Now do these:

- Raydons teacher asked him if he had completed the 32. portfolio (2 marks)
- "Why cant I spend the weekend at Ashia's house" 33. asked Lena. (2 marks)
- "Come to my office at once" thundered Miss James 34. the principal. (2 marks)
- 35. Tiger sharks hammerheads blue sharks and great whites are all different types of sharks. (2 marks)

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE

04218021/T&T SEA 2016



## SECTION III - COMPREHENSION

Read the passage below carefully, then answer Questions 36-40 which are based on it. Use complete sentences, correct grammar and spelling. A.

> Fish and whales are vertebrates, which means they both have a backbone. They also live in aquatic environments. Except for a couple of species, whales live only in ocean water. Fish, however, inhabit either fresh or salt water.

Being mammals, whales are warm-blooded. This means they must maintain a constant and warm body temperature. They have a thick layer of fat called blubber under their smooth, hairless skin. This fat enables them to retain their body heat.

Fish, on the other hand, are more like reptiles. Most are coldblooded. This means their body temperature changes to match the surrounding water. Fish have very little fat, which is why many fish are prized as food. To prevent freezing in cold water, fish blood contains an anti-freeze substance. Fish are also covered with a slimy material that helps protect their skin from salt or other chemicals in the water.

Although whales are mammals and fish arc not, they have similarities. Their fins and tails help them swim and stay upright in the 15 water. Both whales and fish will swim at high speeds if they are chasing or escaping an enemy. It requires too much energy to swim fast all the

Whales can dive deeply and stay underwater a long time. However, like land mammals, whales have lungs and must come to the surface to 20 breathe through the blow hole located at the top of their head. In contrast; fish breathe by removing oxygen from the water through organs called gills. A fish will quickly suffocate when removed from the water.

Jim Cornish

36.	(a)	State ONE way in which fish and whales are similar.
	voewer.	
		(1 mark)
	(b)	State TWO ways in which fish and whales are different.
		<u></u>
		(2 marks)

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE





B. Read the poem below carefully, then answer Questions 41-45 which are based on it. Use complete sentences, correct grammar and spelling.

## Market Women

Down from the hills, they come with swinging hips and steady stride To feed the hungry town They stirred the steep dark land

- To place within the growing seed.

  And in the rain and sunshine

  Tended the young green plants,

  They bred, and dug, and reaped.

  And now, as Heaven has blessed their toil,
- They come, bearing the fruits,
  These ladics of the soil,
  Who bring full baskets down
  To feed the hungry town.

Daisy Myrie

41.	(a)	rom where are the market women coming (line 1)?				
+3		. (1 mark)				
	(b)	What do the words "steady stride" in line 2 suggest about the market women?				
	***					
		(1 mark)				
42.	Expl	ain what the market women are doing in lines 4-5 of the poem.				
		(2 marks)				

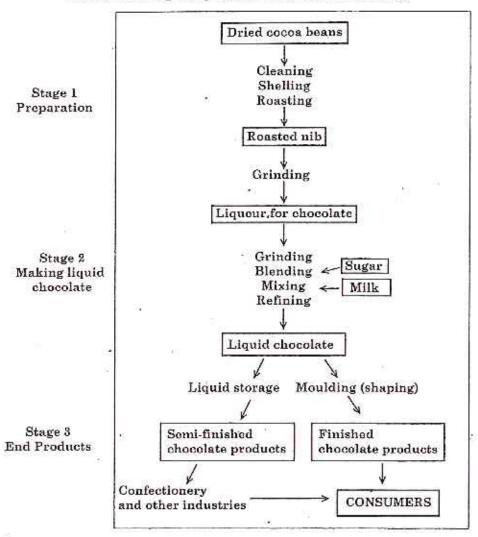
GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE





C. Study the chart below carefully, then answer Questions 46-50 which are based on it. Use complete sentences, correct grammar and spelling.

Chart showing the process of chocolate making



Adapted from www.brunswick.k12.me.us/bjh/depart/curic/chocoalte/flow\_chart Retrieved 9 Feburary 2016.

46.	(a)	What product is being made in this process?		
		(1 mark		
	(b)	What is the MAIN ingredient used to make the product in (a)?		
		(1 mark		
		GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE		

